DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

COURSE MODULE

CCF

SESSION 2023-2024

PHILOSOPHY(HONOURS)

SEMESTER-2

Outlines of Indian Philosophy

PHI-H: CORE COURSESSS

DSCC-: 2

ТОРІС	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
 Indian Philosophy: A 	B.D	5
Historical Overview		
 Rise of different 	B.D	10
Philosophical Systems		
Common Characteristics of	I.D	5
different systems of Indian		
Philosophy	TD	10
Concepts of Vedas and the	1.0	5
Upanišads: Kta, Kņa	B.S.	10
The feality of the world The Law of Karma	R.S	10
• The reality of Solf	L.D	5
	L.D	
Meaning of Dharma		
Classification of Dharma	D.M	10
sādhāranadharma and		
Asādhārana dharma,		
Varnāsrama dharma.		
SEC: RECENT ISSUES IN	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
PHILOSOPHY: POLITICAL &		
ETHICAL		
A. Human Rights	B.D	15
 General Idea of 		
<mark>Human Rights: Its</mark>		
Origin and		
Development during		
Ancient period;		
Modern Period and		0
Contemporary Period	PS	0
• Normative	n.3	10
Dights • Nature and	DM	10
Value of Human		
Modern Period and Contemporary Period Normative Justification of Human Rights Nature and Value of Human	R.S D.M	8 10

Rights: Discrimination		
on the basis of Race,		10
Caste and Religion		10
• Concepts of Justice	L.D	
and Equality		
 Theory of Justice – 		5
John Rawls	T.D	
Idea of Justice –		5
Amartya Sen	T.D	
<mark>B. Feminist Ethics: Some</mark>		
<mark>Key Concepts of</mark>		
<mark>Feminism</mark>		5
• The Sex/Gender	T.D	
Dichotomy		
 Three Forms of 		5
<mark>Gender</mark>	T.D	
Discrimination:		
<mark>Sexism, Patriarchy and</mark>		
<mark>Androcentrism</mark> or		
Phallocentrism		5
 Androcentrism in 	B.D	
<mark>Philosophy: Feminist</mark>		
<mark>Approach</mark>		
Feminist Movement	B.D	7
<mark>– Feminist</mark>		
Consciousness		
 Liberal and Radical 		5
Feminism: Their	L.D	
Distinction		
 A Brief Overview of 		7
<mark>Feminist Approach to</mark>		/
Different Branches of	K.S	
<mark>Philosophy:</mark>		
Metaphysics,		
Epistemology and		
Ethics.	DM	5
• Ethics of Care.	D.101	5

SEM -3

DSCC-3

TOPIC: Indian philosophy-1	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
a) Cārvāka School-	B.D	15
Epistemology, Metaphysics,		
Ethics.		
b) Jainism- Concept of Sat,	L.D	15
Dravya, Paryāya, Guņa.		
Anekāntavāda, Syādvāda and		
Saptabhangīnaya.		
c) Buddhism— Four Noble		
Truths, Theory of Dependent	R.S	15
Origination		
(Pratītyasamutpādavāda),		
Definition of Reality, Doctrine		
of Momentariness,		
(Kṣanabhangavāda), Theory of		
No-soul (Nairātmyavāda), Four		
Schools of Buddhism (Basic		
tenets).		15
d) Nyāya School- Concepts of	T.D	
Pramā and Pramāņa,		
Definition of perception		
(Pratyaksa), Classification of		10
Sannikarsa into laukika and		
alaukika, Classification of		
Laukika Pratyakṣa into		
Nirvikalpaka, Savikalpaka and		
Pratyavijñā.		
 Definition of anumiti, vyāpti, 		10
parāmarśa, Classification of	B.D	
Anumiti into pūrvavat, śesavat,		
sāmānyatodrsta, kevalānvayī,		
kevalavyātirekī,		
anvayavyātirekī,		
svārthānumiti, parārthānumiti.		
Definition of Upamiti.		
Definition of Sabda. • Nyāya		
Theory of Causality:		
Asatkaryavada		
e) Valseşika School- Seven	~ • •	10
categories or padarthas:	U.IVI	
dravya, guṇa, karma, samanya,		
viseșa, samavaya and abhava.		

DSCC-4 Western Logic-1	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
a) What is Logic, premises and	R.S	15
conclusion, arguments,		
Deductive and Inductive		
Arguments, Truth and Validity.		
b) Categorical propositions and		15
classes: quality, quantity and	L.D	
distribution of terms,		
Translating categorical		
propositions into standard		
form.		
c) Immediate Inferences:		
Iraditional square of		45
opposition and immediate		15
Inferences based thereon;	B.D	
Conversion, Obversion and		
Contraposition, Existential		
Diagrams for categorical		
propositions		
d) Categorical Syllogisms:		
Standard Form Categorical		15
Syllogisms: The Formal nature	Л	15
of Syllogistic Argument	1.0	
Boolean Interpretation of		
categorical propositions: Venn		
Diagram Technique for Testing		
Syllogisms, Rules and Fallacies,		
testing Syllogistic Arguments		
for validity (by applying		
general rules for syllogism).		10
e) Review of the Traditional		
Laws of Logic concerning	L.D	
immediate inference and		
syllogism; Hypothetical and		
Disjunctive Syllogisms,		
Enthymemes.		
f) Symbolic Logic: the value of		
special symbols; Truth-		
Functions; Symbols for	T.D	10
Conjunction, Negation,		
Disjunction, Conditional		
Statements and Material		
Implication; Argument Forms		
and Arguments, Construction		
of Truth Tables, Statement		
Forms and Statements,		
Material Equivalence and		05
Logical Equivalence; inter-		05
definability of truth functors.		

g) Tautologous, Contradictory	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
and Contingent Statement-		
Forms; testing Argument	D.M	12
Forms and Arguments,		
Statement Forms and		
statements for validity by the		
method of Truth table; The		
Paradoxes of Material		
Implication; The Three "Laws		
of Thought".		10
h) Causal Connections: Cause	R.S	
and Effect, the meaning of		
"Cause"; Induction by Simple		
Enumeration; Mill's Method of		
Experimental Inquiry; Mill's		
Method of Agreement,		
Method of Difference, Joint	L.D	10
Method of Agreement and		
Difference, Method of		
Residues, Method of		
Concomitant Variations;		
Criticism of Mills Methods,		
Vindication of Mill's Methods.		

SEC-3

LOGICAL REASONING & APPLICATION: INDIAN AND WESTERN

TOPIC	FACULTY NAME	NO OF CLASSES
1. The main objective of logical	B.D	8
reasoning.		
2.Definitions: Pakṣa, sādhya,		8
hetu, sapakṣa and vipakṣa	L.D	
3.Construction of kevalānvayī,		8
kevalvyātireki, anvayavyātireki	D,M	
anumiti.		
4.Hetvabhasa and its different	T.D	8
kinds.		
5. Reasoning in practice: i)		
Fallacy of relevance, Fallacies		
of ambiguity, Fallacies of weak		15
induction, Avoiding fallacies ii)	R.S	
Functional applications of		
ordinary operative relations		
between senseorgans and		
respective objects.		
6. Analogy and Probable		
inference i) Argument by		15
Analogy ii) Appraising	B.D	
Analogical Arguments iii)		
Refutation of Logical Analogy.		
7.Scientific Explanation		8
i) The value of Science	D.M	
ii) Explanations: Scientific and		
Unscientific		
iii) Evaluating Scientific	L.D	10
Explanations.		
8. Inductive reasoning in Law		
i) The method of inquiry in		15
law	T.D	
ii) Causation in Legal reasoning		
iii) Analogical Reasoning in		
legal argument		
iv) Probability in legal		
argument.		